larger than a dimension of a unit lens #3 positioned in the center. Also, a dimension of unit lenses #1 and #5 positioned at the edges of the five unit lenses may be larger than dimensions of adjacent unit lenses #2 and #4. Further, dimensions of a plurality of unit lenses #2, #3 and #4 from among the five unit lenses may be the same.

[0128] In the case where the number of unit lenses 13b corresponding to the red LED 11r' is six (i.e., even number), a dimension of the unit lens 13b may be different according to positions. For example, a dimension of unit lenses #1 and #6 positioned at the edges of the six unit lenses may be larger than dimensions of unit lenses #3 and #4 positioned in the center. Dimensions of a plurality of unit lenses #2, #3, #4 and #5 from among the six unit lenses may be the same.

[0129] In the case where a plurality of unit lenses 13b correspond to one sub pixel 11r' (e.g., red LED), a color split, which occurs when only one unit lens 13b corresponds to one sub-pixel 11r', may be reduced.

[0130] The above-described dispositions of unit lenses 13b were described taking an example of a width direction (e.g., x axis direction). However, it would be easily understood by one of ordinary skill in the art that the same may apply to a height direction (e.g., z axis direction) of the LED 11

[0131] The description of the sub-pixels, the red LED 11r', the green LED 11g', and the blue LED 11b' corresponding to a triangle-shaped unit lens 13b of FIG. 5B will be omitted herein, since it is substantially similar (i.e., only a shape of unit lens is different) to the description of the sub-pixels, the red LED 11r, the green LED 11g, and the blue LED 11b of FIG. 5A.

[0132] Referring to FIG. 5C, an LED 11, i.e., a full pixel, may be implemented with a plurality of sub-pixels, e.g., a red LED 11r', a green LED 11g', and a blue LED 11b'.

[0133] An optical element 13 may correspond to each of the red LED 11r'', the green LED 11g'' and the blue LED 11b'', i.e., sub-pixels, may be implemented. The red LED 11r'', the green LED 11g'' and the blue LED 11b'' may be positioned to correspond to a triangle-shaped unit lens 13c that has round corners and is repetitively formed on the optical element 13.

[0134] A plurality of triangle-shaped unit lenses 13c having round corners may correspond to one sub-pixel 11r'' (i.e., red LED).

[0135] A width 11r'' of a red LED 11r'' may be, for example, 300 µm. A width 12r'' (or pitch) of a triangle-shaped unit lens 13c of the optical element 13 may vary according to exemplary embodiments. For example, the width 12r'' may be less than or equal to  $\frac{1}{6}$  of the width 11r'' of the red LED 11r''. For another example, the width 12r'' of the unit lens 13c may be less than or equal to  $\frac{1}{6}$  of the width 11r'' of the red LED 11r''. As a result, for example, the width 12r'' of a unit lens 13c may be in the range of 20 µm to 50 mm.

[0136] A width 11g'' of a green LED 11g'' may be, as a non-limiting example,  $300 \mu m$ . A width 12g'' of a unit lens 13c of the optical element 13 may vary according to exemplary embodiments. For example, the width 12g'' may be less than or equal to  $\frac{1}{6}$  of the width 11g'' of the green LED 11g''. Further, a width 12g'' of a unit lens 13c may be less than or equal to  $\frac{1}{5}$  of a width 11g'' of a green LED 11g''. As a result, for example, the width 12g'' of a unit lens 13c may be in the range of  $20 \mu m$  to  $50 \mu m$ .

[0137] A width 11b'' of a blue LED 11b'' may be, as a non-limiting example, 300  $\mu$ m. A width 12b'' of a unit lens 13c of the optical element 13 may vary according to exemplary embodiments. For example, the width 12b'' may be less than or equal to  $\frac{1}{6}$  of the width 11b'' of the blue LED 11b''. For another example, the width 12b'' of the unit lens 13c may be less than or equal to  $\frac{1}{6}$  of a width 11b'' of the blue LED 11b''. As a result, for example, the width 12b'' of a unit lens 13c may be in the range of 20  $\mu$ m to 50  $\mu$ m.

[0138] A unit lens 13c of the optical element 13 may be repetitively formed to correspond to a dimension (e.g., width×length (height)) of an LED module 10.

[0139] A pitch between unit lenses 13c of the optical element 13 may be formed to correspond to a pitch between the sub-pixels, i.e., the red LED 11r'', the green LED 11g'', and the blue LED 11b". For example, a pitch between a plurality of triangle-shaped unit lenses having round corners which correspond to the red LED 11r" and a plurality of triangle-shaped unit lenses having round corners which correspond to the green LED 11g" may be formed to correspond to a pitch between the red LED 11r'' and the green LED 11g". Likewise, a pitch between a plurality of triangle-shaped unit lenses having round corners which correspond to the green LED 11g" and a plurality of triangleshaped unit lenses having round corners which correspond to the blue LED 11b" may be formed to correspond to a pitch between the green LED 11g'' and the blue LED 11b''. Also, a pitch between a plurality of triangle-shaped unit lenses having round corners which correspond to the blue LED 11b" and a plurality of triangle-shaped unit lenses having round corners which correspond to the red LED 11r" may be formed to correspond to a pitch between the blue LED 11b" and the red LED 11r''.

[0140] According to another exemplary embodiment, a pitch between unit lenses 13c of the optical element 13 may be formed to correspond to a pitch between an LED 11, which is a full pixel, and another adjacent LED. For example, a pitch between a plurality of unit lenses corresponding to one LED 11 and a plurality of unit lenses corresponding to the next LED may be formed to correspond to a pitch between one LED 11 and a next LED positioned in a traverse direction (e.g., x-axis direction). Likewise, a pitch between a plurality of unit lenses corresponding to one LED 11 and a plurality of unit lenses corresponding to the next LED may be formed to correspond to a pitch between one LED 11 and a next LED positioned in a longitudinal direction (e.g., z axis direction).

[0141] According to another exemplary embodiment, a dimension (e.g., height, width or area) of a unit lens 13a of the optical element 13 may be formed differently according to a pitch between the red LED 11r'', the green LED 11g'' and the blue LED 11b'', i.e., sub-pixels.

[0142] In the case where the number of unit lenses 13c corresponding to one red LED 11r'' is five (i.e., odd number), a dimension of the unit lens 13c may be different according to positions. For example, a dimension of unit lenses #1 and #5 positioned at the edges of the five unit lenses may be larger than a dimension of a unit lenses #1 and #5 positioned at the edges of the five unit lenses may be larger than dimensions of adjacent unit lenses #2 and #4. Further, dimensions of a plurality of unit lenses #2, #3 and #4 from among the five unit lenses may be the same.